closure device or between the perimeter of the opening and the closure device.

- (4) The cover and its closure devices shall be made of suitable materials that will minimize exposure of the offsite material to the atmosphere, to the extent practical, and will maintain the integrity of the equipment throughout its intended service life. Factors to be considered when selecting the materials for and designing the cover and closure devices shall include: organic vapor permeability; the effects of any contact with the material or its vapors conveyed in the transfer system; the effects of outdoor exposure to wind, moisture, and sunlight; and the operating practices used for the transfer system on which the cover is installed.
- (5) Whenever an off-site material is in the transfer system, the cover shall be installed with each closure device secured in the closed position except as follows:
- (i) Opening of closure devices or removal of the cover is allowed to provide access to the transfer system for performing routine inspection, maintenance, repair, or other activities needed for normal operations. Examples of such activities include those times when a worker needs to open a hatch or remove the cover to repair conveyance equipment mounted under the cover or to clear a blockage of material inside the system. Following completion of the activity, the owner or operator shall promptly secure the closure device in the closed position or reinstall the cover, as applicable.
- (ii) Opening of a safety device, as defined in §63.681 of this subpart, is allowed at any time conditions require it to do so to avoid an unsafe condition.
- (6) The owner or operator shall inspect the air emission control equipment in accordance with the requirements specified in §63.695 of this subpart.

§63.690 Standards: Process vents.

(a) The provisions of this section apply to the control of air emissions from process vents for which §63.683(b)(2)(i) of this subpart ref-

erences the use of this section for such air emission control.

- (b) The owner or operator shall control HAP emitted from the process vent within the affected source by connecting each process vent through a closed-vent system to a control device that is designed and operated in accordance with the standards specified in §63.693 of this subpart with the following exceptions.
- (1) Each individual control device used to comply with the requirements of this section is not required to meet the level of performance, as applicable to the particular control technology used, specified in §§ 63.693 (d)(1), (e)(1), (f)(1)(i), and (g)(1)(i) of this subpart provided that these control devices are designed and operated to achieve a total reduction of 95 weight percent or more in the quantity of HAP, listed in Table 1 of this subpart, that is emitted from all process vents within the affected source.
- (2) For the purpose of complying with this section, a device for which the predominate function is the recovery or capture of solvents or other organics for use, reuse, or sale (e.g., a primary condenser or a solvent recovery unit) is not a control device.

§ 63.691 Standards: Equipment leaks.

- (a) The provisions of this section apply to the control of air emissions from equipment leaks for which $\S63.683(b)(3)$ of this subpart references the use of this section for such air emission control.
- (b) The owner or operator shall control the HAP emitted from equipment leaks in accordance with the applicable provisions of either:
- (1) Section 61.242 through §61.247 in 40 CFR Part 61 subpart V—National Emission Standards for Equipment Leaks; or
- (2) Section 63.162 through §63.182 in 40 CFR Part 63 subpart H—National Emission Standards for Organic Hazardous Air Pollutants from Equipment Leaks.